Yyyyyy Numb. 3717.

The Daily Courant.

Friday, September 11. 1713.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Sept. 9.

Naples, Auguſt 8.

THE 2d of this Month the Deputies choſen for Affairs of Health, aſſembled extraordinarily to deliberate on ſome Letters which the Neapolitan Conſul at Venice had written to Count Daun, acquainting him that contagious Diſtempers had ſpread from Dalmatia and the Morea, into moſt of the Iſlands of the Archipelago, to Chio, and to Smyrna. Whereupon the ſaid Deputies reſolved to deſire an Interdiction of Commerce with all thoſe Countries, and immediately Couriers were diſpatched into the Provinces, to forbid the Admiſſion of any Ships which may come from thence. The Council del Inconfidenza has aſſembled ſeveral Times, upon Informations ſent them in Letters not Signed, againſt divers Perſons: But there being Ground to believe that moſt of thoſe Informations were the Effects of ſecret Malice, it has been determined not to proceed at all againſt the Accuſed, till other Proofs break out to render them more juſtly ſuſpected. Repeated Orders are come from the Court of Vienna for reforming the exceſſive Luxury in Cloaths, Coaches, Liveries, and the too great Number of Servants. The Collateral Council have ſat often on this Subject, and have reſolved to draw up a very rigorous Ordinance thereupon, the Rumour of which has already alarmed the Working People and Merchants, as being likely to be very prejudicial to their Manufactures and Commerce. Count Daun being informed that two of his Footmen had without Provocation abuſed ſome mean People, has ſtripped them of their Liveries and ſent them to Priſon.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Sept. 16.

Naples, Aug. 22. Count Daun has received a Letter from the Court of Vienna, written in the Name of the Archduke, approving all that he and the Deputies have done for maintaining the Royal Authority and the Antient Uſages of this Kingdom, touching the conferring of Benefices on Forreigners, the impoſing of Penſions to their Profit, the Right of diſpoſing of the Effects of deceaſed Eccleſiaſticks, and the Abuſe of the Immunity, which afforded Means to the greateſt Criminals to eſcape the Hands of Juſtice. This Letter has been ſent by the Viceroy to the Elect (or Mayor) of the People, to be communicated to the Deputies of the Tribunals, to let them know that the Court of Vienna was content with their Proceedings; that however it diſapproved the Propoſition which ſome had made about two Months ago, to proteſt by a publick Act againſt the Enterprizes of the Court of Rome, to ſignify that Proteſt to the Nuncio, and to cauſe it be affixed not only in this City, but in Rome likewiſe. The Miniſters of the Court of Vienna have given them to underſtand, that they were very well ſatisfied with their Zeal, that however it was agreeable to Prudence and to the Reſpect due to the Pope, to keep within the Bounds of juſt Defence, and not to exaſperate Matters. But what has happened ſince, has puſhed things to Extremity. Cardinal Pignatelli Archbiſhop of Naples, having been informed that the Officers of Juſtice had dragged out of the Monaſtery of Magdalen a Woman accuſed of being concerned in poyſoning a Man who was in the Hoſpital of the Incurable, and even of having prepared and ſold Poiſons that operate ſlowly, and that thoſe Officers had carried her to Priſon in order to have her Proceſs made out, and to be confronted with ſeveral Accomplices in like Poiſonings, demanded to have her brought back to the Place of Immunity whence ſhe had been taken. Upon their Refuſal, the Cardinal after previous Monitories, cauſed a Sentence of Excommunication to be publiſhed againſt the Judges, and againſt thoſe who had executed their Orders. Hereupon the Royal Miniſters ordered the Vicar General and the Fiſcal of the Archiepiſcopal Court to be ſeized, and ſent Grenadiers to take them. Theſe finding the Gates of the Archbiſhop's Palace ſhut, paſſed through the Church, and thoſe Eccleſiaſticks being ſeized, were carried to Tarracina, and forbidden to return into the Kingdom. The Woman was carried to Pozzuolo, there to be executed, being convicted of having poyſoned ſeveral Perſons with a Liquor named *Tufania*, and to have ſold ſome of it to divers Women. The Tribunals and the Body of the Nation are ſo moved with theſe Appearances of the Archduke's intereſting himſelf in the Preſervation of their Rights, that they are intirely diſpoſed to conſent to the Eſtabliſhment of many new Impoſts for ſupplying the military Cheſt, which before met with great Difficulties. They are to aſſemble in a while to deliberate on this Subject, but firſt 'tis ſaid a new Elect of the People will be choſen, in the Room of Signior Albani.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Sept. 16.

Rome, Aug. 26. The 13th of this Month was affixed here in the uſual Places a Sentence confirming that which the Biſhop of Caſal had publiſhed againſt the Governour there on the following Occaſion. In a Proceſſion of the Holy Sacrament, the Biſhop who officiated was followed by one of his Clergy carrying his Mitre; the Governour who ſupported one Corner of the Canopy admoniſhed that Clergyman not to walk juſt under it, but to keep a little behind. Upon this the Biſhop preſently thundered out a Sentence of Excommunication againſt the Governour, who applying to the Magiſtrates, got it declared null and abuſive, with a Prohibition to all to have any Regard to it. They proceeded even againſt the Biſhop himſelf, who immediately left the Place and came hither to make his Complaint, which is adjudged to be well grounded. This Incident damps the Hope we had conceived of an Accomodation with the Court of Savoy. We learn at the ſame time that the Archbiſhop of Meſſina and the Biſhop of Catania have been ordered to depart Sicily, the firſt within 24 Hours, for having excommunicated the Major of the Horſe and ſome other Officers who had appealed to the Council of the Monarchy, where the Excommunication was declared null. The Diſorder is yet greater at Naples, by reaſon of the Sentences of Excommunication fulminated by Cardinal Pignatelli againſt the Royal Officers, for that they judging it the Intereſt of the Publick to put into the Hands of Juſtice a Woman who had invented, prepared, and ſold a ſubtile Poiſon, by which ſeveral Perſons had periſhed, the Cardinal refuſed to deliver her up, becauſe ſhe was in a Place of Immunity, whence ſhe was taken by Force. Now we hear, that after this Fulmination, the Officers of the Archiepiſcopal Court were ſeized by Order of the Vicariate, and tranſported out of the Kingdom. Theſe Affairs very much diſturb the Pope, and 'tis believed 'tis on this Account he has cauſed an Indulgence to be publiſhed for all thoſe who during the Octave of the Aſſumption ſhall viſit the Church of Sta. Maria Maggiore, and ſhall pray agreeably to his Holyneſs's Intentions, to beſeech God to inſpire him on ſome important Reſolutions which are ſoon to be declared. On this Occaſion there has been Abundance of Proceſſions, and the Pope went to Day to ſay Maſs at Sta. Maria Maggiore, and afterwards viſited the Church of St. Roch.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Sept. 16.

Madrid, Aug. 28. Letters from Catalonia of the 21ſt adviſe, that the Marquis de Lede who had been detached with a Body of 5000 Men and 4 Cannon to puniſh a ſecond Revolt of the Town of Manreza, had cauſed the Walls to be razed and 800 Houſes to be burnt, for an Example to other Places. The Count de Montemar has ſent an Account that the Town of Cardona had ſubmitted to the

the King's Obedience; but that Don Manuel Desvals Governour of the Castle had refused to obey the Orders of General Wallis a Germap, to evacuate the Place, conformably to the Treaty; saying he would not regard any Orders that came to him by the Handss of Enemies. The 8th Lieutenant General Zerezeda defeated a Party of Volunteers on Horseback, of whom 8 were killed and 21 made Prisoners. The Inhabitants of Saint Clement on this Side of the Llobregat on the Road to Tarragona, having rung out their Alarm-Bell, for the Inhabitants to draw to Arms to fall upon 100 Horse who were passing by, Signior Zerezeda was sent thither the 9th at Night, and he chastised them exemplarily. The same Day at Noon, 14 Vessels and some Shallops were seen to put out of the Port of Barcelona, and to stand to the Eastward. It being believed they might have some Design on the Town of Mataro which had submitted, the Lieutenant-Collonel of the Regiment of Asturias was sent thither with 100 Horse and 100 Foot, and the 10th was followed by a strong Detachment of French Troops, to frustrate their Projects. We learn since, that the Vessels which sailed from Barcelona, put ashore at Masnou on this Side of Mataro, some Troops of the Regiments of the Faith and of Nebot, most of them Horse, commanded by the military Deputy of the Rebels Don Antonio Berenguer a Native of Lerida, accompanied by Don Salvador de Tamarit, Don Philip de Aguilar, Sebastian Dalman, and Philip Marti one of the Ring-Leaders of the Revolt of Vich, and that their Design was to incite the People to rise. During their March some Miquelets and Volunteers approached the Suburbs of Mataro and threatned the Town; but they could not attempt any thing, because of the good Orders which the Duke de Popoli had given there. The 13th they advanced to attack a great Convoy which was coming from Mataro to the Army, but they retired, seeing it was guarded by a Body of French Troops. They had a Design likewise to possess themselves of the Town of Ostalric, when the Germans marched out of it to imbark: But they were hindred by the Count de Fiennes, who having approached the Place, beat and dislodged them from divers Posts which they had seized. He bought most of the Horses of the Germans, which the Rebels thought to have made Advantage of, and put into Ostalric Don Tiberio Carafa with the King's Troops. We learn since, that the Governour of the Place had contrary to good Faith and the Treaty, advertised those of Barcelona to approach it in order to possess themselves of it at the time he should march out; and this was the principal View of the Rebels, in which they did not succeed. The Army is plentifully furnished with Provisions which are brought to it by Sea, and by the People who have sworn Obedience to the King and those whom the Count de Fiennes who has taken the Field with a Body of 6000 Men continues to oblige to submit. The Siege of Barcelona will not be undertaken, till the Duke de Popoli has been joyned by the Spanish and French Troops, and till he has received the Artillery which is conveighing to him from Valencia, Tortosa, and Tarragona, in Number 40 Cannon for Battery, and 20 Mortars.

London, September 11.

Yesterday South-Sea Stock was 94 one quarter to 94 three eighths. Bank 130 one quarter. India 128 one quarter to 128 three quarters. African 46 and an half.

The Commissioners appointed to make forth Orders in Exchange for the Tickets in the Lotteries № 1, № 2, *and* № 3, *and Class Lottery for the Year* 1712, *give Notice, That all Orders for Tickets in any of the said Lotteries which have been entred before them for Orders in or before the* 31*st Day of August last, are ready, and that they will begin to deliver out the same to the Persons bringing the said Tickets on Monday the* 14*th Instant, at* 9 *in the Forenoon.*

An Exchequer Note of 100 l. № 55015, dated 5512[illegible]

the 9th of October 1709, having been lost: Whoever brings it to his [illegible] in Downing Street, shall have 5 Guineas Reward, and no Questions asked, Payment being stopt.

A Tryal of Skill to be fought at the Bear-Garden in Marrow-Bone-Fields the Backside of Soho-Square, at the Boarded House, this present Friday, being the 12th of September, beginning precisely at 2 a Clock, between Henry Gleeson the bold Brazier, Master of the Noble Science of Defence, and Edward Parker of Coventry, Master of the said Science.

Lost a Mourning Gold Ring with these Letters in the inside C R ob. 10 Apr. 1710. and with a Gold Ring set with a single Amethist on which are engrav'd these 2 Figures, viz. (2 W) two little Pieces of the Stone broken off. Whoever brings them to Mr. William Willson, Goldsmith, over-against St. Clements Church in the Strand, or to Mr. Thompson at the Plow Inn in Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, shall have the full Value and 10 s. or for the Amethist alone the full Value, and 10 s. over, and no Questions asked.

A Convenient House of 6 Rooms on a Floor, with Brew-house, Wash-house, Barns, Stables, Coach-house, &c. with Gardens walled and Planted with good Fruit Trees, standing on the Hill near the Church in Bow, Middlesex. Inquire of Mr. Lechmere in Mark lane, or Mr. Wolley at the Flower-de-Luce in Philpot-lane, London.

On the 17th Instant, will be exposed to Sale by the Candle, at the Marine Coffee-house in Birchin-Lane, A large Parcel of Broad-Cloths, Silks, Stuffs, and other Goods. To be seen at Merchant-Taylor's-Hall in Threadneedle-street on the 15th Instant till the time of Sale, where Catalogues may be then had.

For SALE by RETALE.

Bourdeaux Brandy, Canary, Flask-Florence, Red and White French Wines; all neat as it was Imported. A great Quantity of all Sorts of the aforesaid Brandies and Wines, fit to bottle, lying in 3 large Vaults in Suffolk-Lane in Cannon-street, under the late Dwelling House of Mr. Nathaniel Wood near Merchant-Taylor's School, the said Brandy is to be sold at 9 s. 4 d. per Gallon, Canary at 6 s. 6 d. per Gallon, and Flask Florence at 3 s. 6 d. per Flask, White French Wine at 6 s. 6 d. per Gallon, and French Claret at 8 d. per Gallon. Note, That no less Quantity than a Gallon will be sold, except the Flask Florence, and that the said Vault will be open the 21st of this present Month of September, and continue till all is sold. All the Brandies and Wines are newly Imported from Bourdeaux, Canaries, and Leghorn: The Importer paid 6 s. 8 d. Excise and Custom for each Gallon of Brandy, and 4 s. 6 d. per Gallon for the French Wine.

Propolals for an Annual Dividend on the Lives of Men, Women, or Children, by Quarterly Contributions, whereby each Contributor (having a Lawful Claim according to the Articles contained in the Propolal) shall certainly receive the Principal Money by them paid, with Interest and other considerable Advantages, once a Year. Propolals are given gratis at the Black-Boy and Anchor over-against St. Swithen's Church in Cannon-Street, where Attendance is given each Day from 9 until 12 in the Forenoon, and from 3 until 6 in the Afternoon. Note, That this is the first Undertaking of this Nature that was ever published, as may appear by the said Propolals.

The Neat Duties, (all Discounts and Abatements deducted) of all Merchandize, specified in the Book of Rates, begun in the 12th of Car. the 2d. with the several Variations to this present Year 1713, inclusive. All done in Vulgar Arithmetick, to an Hundred Part of a Penny; answering all the Neat Duties, Drawbacks, and Valuations on all Merchandize. Likewise the Turkey Company's Duties, &c. to and from Turkey. Printed and Sold by the Author Tho. Langham of London, Broker, and John Brotherton at the Bible over-against Merchant-Taylor's Hall in Threadneedle-street, and by the Booksellers of London and Westminster.

A Specifick Tincture for the Tooth-Ach, and all Disorders and Defects of the Teeth, and Gums whatever; one drop of which gives instant ease in the most tormenting Pain, and not only takes it away in a Moment, but absolutely cures the Tooth-Ach, in as certainly to prevent its return. It assuredly preserves the Teeth from growing Rotten, and those that are a little decayed from becoming worse; makes the soulest Teeth as white as Ivory at once using, fastens those that are loose, and cures the Scurvy in the Gums, causing them to grow up to the Teeth again to Admiration. It is neither disagreeable to the Smell or Taste, but really preserves the Teeth and Gums from all manner of Foulness, Corruption and Putrefaction, and may be depended upon to answer the Character here given of it, literally in every respect. To be had at the Hatch with blue Spikes in Haydon-yard in the Minories, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle (which contains enough to last several Persons a great while) with Direction.

The most Noble Volatile Smelling-Bottle in the World, which smell'd to, momentarily fetches the most dismal Fainting, or Swooning Fits, and in a Minute removes Flushing, Vapours, Dulness, Head-Ach, Megrims, &c. It takes off all heavy Sleepiness, retards Swooning, keeps up the Spirits to a Miracle; and by its Use admits of no Faintings, but invigorates and enlivens the whole Man, Recreates and makes Chearful although never so sad, and in a Moment raises all the sensitive Faculties: It is also to be taken inwardly by Drops, which effectually takes off and Eradicates the very Cause; for it potently relieves, comforts and strengthens the Brain, creates and corroborates a Stomach, removes Sickness from it, helps Digestion, cleanses the Blood, and in a Word, is the greatest Cephalick, Stomatick, Hepatick, and powerful Aromatick pallible; therefore is extreme necessary for all Gentlemen, Ladies, &c. always to be carry'd in their Pockets. Is sold only at Mr. King's Picture-Shop in the Poultry, and at Mr. Overton's at the Golden-Buck Picture-Shop against St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street, at 2 s. 6 d. each, with printed Directions.

The Delightful Chymical Liquor, for the Breath, Teeth, and Gums. Which in a Moment makes the most Nauseous Breath Smell delicately Fine and Charming, and in very little time infallibly Cures, so that an offensive Breath will not return; it certainly makes the blackest and most foul Teeth perfectly White, Clean and Beautiful to a Miracle; Cures the Scurvy in the Gums, tho' never so inveterate, making the Flesh grow again, when almost Eaten away, and infallibly, fastens loose Teeth to Admiration, even in Old People, who too often falsly think their Age to be the Occasion: In short, for delightfully Perfuming, and quickly Curing an Ill-scented Breath, for perfectly making the blackest Teeth most excellently White, certainly fastening them when Loose, effectually preserving them from Rotting or Decaying, and effectually Curing the Scurvy in the Gums, it has not its Equal in the Universe, as Abundance of the Nobility and Gentry throughout the Kingdom have Experienced. Is Sold at Mr. Pope's a Tobacconist at the Angel and Crown in St. Paul's Church-Yard, near Cheap-side at 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions.

LONDON, Printed by *Sam. Buckley*, at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*; and Sold by *A. Baldwin* in *Warwick-Lane*.